



NASA PDS Support for Data Analysis Programs & Data Users

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U.S. Public Data Access

President's Office of Science & Technology Policy

- Issued memo on February 22, 2013, signed by Director Holdren
 - https://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/microsites/ostp/ostp_public_access_memo_20 13.pdf
- "Increasing Access to the Results of Federally Funded Scientific Research"
- Directs federal funding agencies with an annual R&D budget >\$100 million to develop a public data access plan for disseminating the results of their research

NASA Plan

- A response was released by NASA on November 21, 2014
 - http://science.nasa.gov/media/medialibrary/2014/12/05/NASA_Plan_for_increasing_access_to results of federally funded research.pdf
- "NASA Plan: Increasing Access to the Results of Scientific Research"
- Part A addresses Digital Scientific Data
- Part B addresses Publications





U.S. Public Data Access (cont.)

NASA Plan, Part A

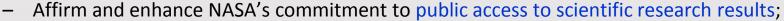
- Affirm and enhance NASA's commitment to public access to scientific research results;
- Ensure access to and reliable preservation of NASA-funded scholarly publications and digital data sets for research, development, commercialization, and education...;
- Preserve and increase the use of scientific research results to enhance scientific discovery and application of research results;
- Affirm NASA's commitment to its scientific integrity policy and support the reproducibility of scientific research results;
- Ensure that all extramural researchers receiving NASA grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts for scientific research and intramural researchers develop data management plans ... describing how they will provide for long-term preservation of, and access to, scientific data in digital format;
- Optimize archival and dissemination of data and publications, including long-term stewardship;
- Support training, education, and workforce development, related to scientific data management, analysis, storage, preservation, and stewardship;
- Support governance of and best practices for managing public access to peer-reviewed scholarly publications and digital data across NASA.





U.S. Public Data Access (cont.)

NASA Plan, Part A





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Planetary Data: Scope & Volume

What are planetary data?

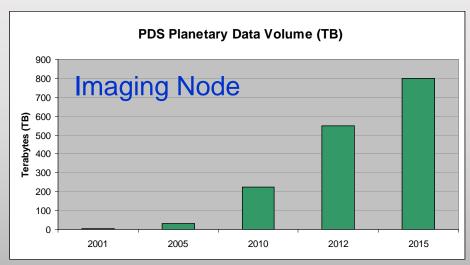
- Documents, hardcopy data, photographic negatives & prints
- Digital data tables, arrays, images, profiles, measurements, etc.

Sources

 Spacecraft missions, telescopic observations, research, laboratory analyses, etc.

Volume

- Increased significantly in ~15 years
- Approaching a petabyte
 - 1000 TB
 - 1 quadrillion bytes





High-density digital data storage arrays





NASA Planetary Data System



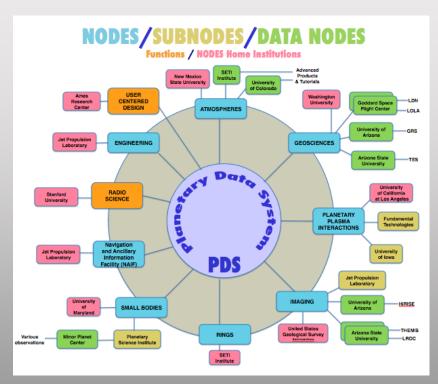
http://pds.nasa.gov/

- In 1982, the US National Academy of Sciences chartered the Committee on Data Management and Computation (CODMAC)
 - Address concerns about how data were managed by NASA
 - No formal archives, unstable media, little documentation usable by any but mission teams
- CODMAC initial recommendations (1982)
 - Scientific involvement & oversight
 - Data availability with usable formats, ancillary data
 - Timely distribution, validated data, proposer documentation
 - Use of proper, stable storage media and facilities
 - Data storage in permanent and retrievable form
 - Structured, transportable, documented software
 - Adequate data system funding
- Planetary Data System (PDS) established in 1989
 - Purpose is to ensure the long-term usability of NASA data and to stimulate advanced research
 - Funded by NASA Science Mission Directorate





A Short History of PDS



http://pds.nasa.gov/

National Space Science Data Center (NSSDC) is the deep archive for PDS and NASA space mission archives

26 years later, PDS archives & serves data from all planetary bodies

- Planets, moons, atmospheres, rings, small bodies, fields & particles
- 53 historic missions (mostly US, a few non-US), 31 currently active missions
- Now working with next-generation archive system, PDS4

Organization

- 6 science discipline nodes, 4 sub-nodes
 - Atmospheres, Geosciences, Imaging, Planetary Plasma Interactions, Planetary Rings, Small Bodies
- 2 overarching support nodes, 1 function
 - Engineering, Navigation & Ancillary Information Facility (NAIF), Radio Science
- PDS Project Management
 - Solar System Exploration Data Services Office, Goddard Space Flight Center

Data Nodes

10 active data nodes





Planetary Data: PDS Delivery Services

Data Access

- PDS Home and central catalog provide access to all PDS data
- All nodes provide search services and science expertise to help you find "the right data"
- Support for current NASA proposal opportunities

Examples of PDS tools & services

- Imaging Node
 - Photojournal, Planetary Image Atlas, Map-a-Planet, Planetary Image Locator Tool (PILOT), Data Portal
- Geosciences Node
 - Orbital Data Explorers (Mars, Mercury, Moon), Analyst's Notebook (MER, Phoenix, LCROSS, Apollo), workshops, spectral libraries
- Planetary Rings Node
 - OPUS search tool, Planet Viewers, Moon Trackers, Ephemeris Generators
- Small Bodies Node
 - Data Ferret, Statistical Asteroid Model, Online Archiving Facility (OLAF)
- Other Nodes point to one or more of these services to avoid duplication & simplify access







Planetary Data: PDS Support Nodes & NASA Software Systems



Engineering Node

- Provides systems engineering support to the entire PDS
 - Standards, technology, system-wide software, data ordering and distribution, and PDS data catalog & distribution service
- -International Planetary Data Alliance (IPDA)
 - Supports archives from ESA, JAXA, ISRO, CNSA, etc.
- Navigation & Ancillary Information Facility (NAIF)
 - Navigation node, focus on SS geometry, SPICE
 - Information system for space geometry & event data
 - -SPICE Toolkit & Tutorials
 - Large suite of software/subroutines to read SPICE data files and compute derived observation geometry (altitude, latitude/longitude, and lighting angle, etc.)
- Software systems & environments, viewers
 - -Cartography: VICAR (JPL/MIPL), ISIS (USGS), Ames Stereo Pipeline (ARC)
 - -Viewing & Access: LMMP Data Portal (JPL), ILIADS (GSFC)
 - -Mission Planning & Targeting: JMARS (ASU), REACT (ACT)
 - —Non-NASA: SOCET Set, ENVI, ESRI/ArcMAP, Google Moon/Mars, World-Wide Telescope, Matlab





Planetary Data: Mission Operation Centers & Data Nodes

Mission activities

 Communication, uplink & downlink, targeting, tracking image & data acquisition, surface operations, data viewing, mission planning, documentation, processing, software development, archiving, delivery services, etc.

Data nodes

- 10 currently active
- Temporary adjuncts to PDS structure, funded by NASA flight missions
- Provide direct archiving interface for active flight missions & expert science support for data users
- Scheduled data deliveries to PDS







Planetary Data: Mission Operation Centers & Data Nodes

- Examples of tools & services (Mars)
 - Mars Space Flight Facility (ASU)
 - JMARS, Mars Image Explorer, MO THEMIS Data Map, Global Mars Maps, Davinci
 - MRO HiROC (UA)
 - HiView, Conductor, Kapellmeister
 - MRO CRISM Data viewer, Analysis Toolkit (APL)
- Examples of tools & services (Moon)
 - LROC SOC (ASU)
 - ACT/REACT QuickMap LROC & M3 online data viewer
 - LROC WMS Image Map, image browser
 - Apollo Digital Image Archive (ASU)
- Examples of tools & services (Other)
 - Cassini CICLOPS

June 2015, Gaddis



Web links listed at the end 10





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• NASA Plan, Part A

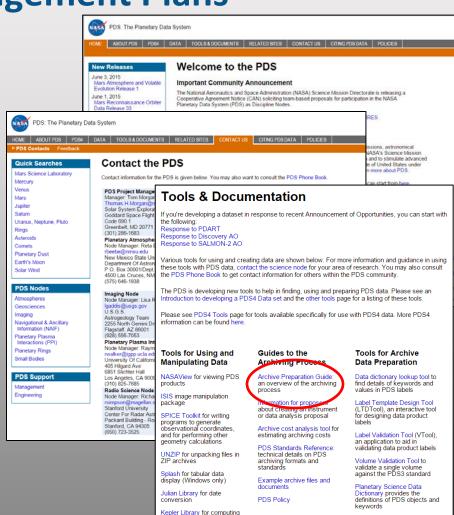
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Planetary Data: Data Management Plans

- PDS Home Page:
 - Start here: https://pds.nasa.gov/
 - Find contacts, tools & documents, examples, etc.
 - Contact a discipline node lead
- Archive Preparation Guide:
 - https://pds.nasa.gov/tools/archiving.s html
 - Sample documents (missions and instruments)
 - Data Management and Archiving Plans (DMAPS)
 - Interface Control Documents (ICD), interface between provider and node
 - Software Interface Specifications (SIS), archive data structures and volumes







Planetary Data: Data Management Plans

• For Data Analysis, Research Programs:

- Information for Proposers
- Archiving steps, Archive checklist,
 Costing examples
- https://pds.nasa.gov/tools/proposing.sh tml

Proposers' Archive Guide:

 Overview of archiving process, elements of an archive, PDS, expected products, etc.

Cost Analysis Tool & Model

- Excel spreadsheet for helping proposers estimate the costs involved in preparing data for archiving in the PDS
- Estimates of effort required, in Full Time Equivalent (FTE) units, for all archiving phases

Information for Proposers

The archiving process in the PDS works like this

- 1. Agreement with the PDS about what to archive, how, and when
- 2. Creation of archive products and data volumes
- 3. Submission of data and peer review
- 4. Public availability of the data

More information about each of these steps is given below. For complete details, see the Proposers Archiving Guide (PDF) and the Information for Proposers Presentation (PDF).

Proposing to Archive

Your mission or data analysis proposal must contain information about how you plan to archive your results into the PDS. Typical AO's require that proposals include a discussion of products to be delivered to PDS and that budgets include appropriate funding for this activity. PDS personnel are also available to answer archive design questions from proposal teams on a confidential basis.

To complete your proposal, you may need to use the archiving Cost Analysis Tool and Model.

Other Helpful Information

Planetary Data System

Proposer's Archiving Guide (PAG)

March 29, 2010 Version 1.4



at Propulsion Laboratory asadena, California PL D-26359 elp you develop a compliant and efficient data

Archiving Cost Analysis Tool

The PDS has developed a model or of fool for helping preposers a sinate the costs involved in preposers glats for archiving in the "DS. The Cost Avalysis Tool is all sected spreadsheet that preparements the distals of the mile dail of gives estimates of effort required in Full Time Equivalent (FTE

Cost Analysis Mode

The model implemented by the spreadaheet estimates the costs to a mission or instrument team for designing and delivering PDS-compliant data products. It does not include the costs incurred by the PDS

Phase A-D contains Orientation, Archive Planning, Data Set Design, Volume Design, Data Products -Process Design, and Data Validation Process Design.

Phase E contains Data Product Preparation, Data Set Production and Validation, Data Delivery Review and Archive

hase A-D Costs

Phase A-D costs in FTEs, which can be called the "Handshaking" costs, are expressed as:

0.25 + number of instruments * E * C * E

here:

is the baseline cost for designing the archive format when done for a product that requires no changes to the FDS data model and done by a team very experienced in delivery to PDS (susally B = 0.25 FTE).

is the data Complexity factor, 1 for data consistent with the current PDS data model, 2 for data products which require significant modifications to the PDS data model as would be the case for a new instrument type or a new observation type.

is the team Experience factor, 1 for a team that is very experienced in producing PDScompliant data products, 3 for a team that is very inexperienced in producing PDScompliant data products

26 is the fixed cost for production of the mission Data Management Plan

Note that different instruments in the same mission may have differing experience and complexity values.

dis Web links listed at the end 14





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as it matures the PDS4 system. The latest

sources for preparing data for submission

ntrol Board (CCB) approved change

can be found in the release notes.

Planetary Data: Data Stewardship

PDS4:

- **The new PDS**, an integrated data system to improve access to PDS data
- A re-architected, modern, online data system
- Improves efficiency both ingestion and distribution of data
- Uses Extensible Markup Language (XML) and standard data format templates with keywords & labels
- Self-consistent information model & software system
 - https://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/about
- Concepts, examples, checklist, software
 - Use templates to make labels, validate them, etc.



Welcome to PDS' New Archive Standards

The PDS is evolving for today's technologies. To learn more, please see What is PDS4?

What is PDS4?

What is changing?

XML (Extensible Markup Language)

PDS has adopted XML for PDS4. The Extensible Markup Language (XML) is an international standard that is widely used by many online data systems to document their data. It provides a standard syntax and structure for describing data for many different industries. A significant number of vendors and programming languages provide support for reading and writing XML files. XML integrates directly with web-based applications allowing for the metadata, described in XML, to be rendered in a number of

In previous versions of PDS, the Object Description Language (ODL) was used to capture metadata labels for archived data. ODL is a proprietary language developed and maintained by the PDS. The standards management along with tool and library support were resourced by the PDS. As a result limited tool support exists. In addition, variations in the use of ODL and the implementation of data products led to differences in interoperability

For PDS4, the use of XML wealth of software and tools resources to improve acces emplates that can be used t The consistency in defining

improve data search acros PDS is ensuring that its adop popular off the shelf XML tool

PDS Standards and

PDS is developing PDS4 us development of a self-consist addition, common templates

Software System

The PDS is a geographically order to deliver and integrate architecting the system to de efficiency of ingestion and th

The software system will pro search, access and transforr

ition through the International Planetary Data

Information for Data Providers

The purpose of this portal is to provide an interface for helpful documents and answers to frequently asked questions regarding submitting data to the PDS.

PDS4 enables providers more flexibility for data submission while keeping standardized structures for users to find and use the data

Useful Documents for Data Preparation

PDS4 has modernized the approach to archiving data within the PDS. Labels for PDS products are expressed as XML documents that are tied to a centralized, self-consistent model providing uniformity across the PDS.

Useful starting references for new datasets to be submitted to PDS include

Concepts Document (PDF) Data Provider's Handbook (PDF) Standards Reference (PDF)

Introduction to PDS4 key concepts and basic structures

A cookbook guide with step-by-step instructions for developing an archive. The first of two key reference documents for PDS4 to be used in preparing

A set of products, collections, bundles, and packages that illustrates design concepts and goals. (Frequently referenced by the Data Provider's Handbook)

Checklist for Submitting Data Under PDS4

- Contact the appropriate discipline node to start the process of archiving your data. (Atmospheres, Geosciences, Imaging, Plasma Interactions, Rings, Small Bodies)
- · Provide sample products to the node representative for label template creation
- Nodes will provide the template and iterate with provider to adequately describe the products
- . Bundle generation will be the provider's responsibility with help from nodes, based on filling label templates - Online data availability is subject to passing peer review and lien resolution.





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Planetary Data: User Training & Education

- Planetary Data Workshop:
 - You are here!
 - Every two years
 - Please complete the online survey
- PDS Guides, Tools & Tutorials:
 - Many nodes offer tutorials and workshops for specific data
 - Often data access & delivery services offer user guides & tutorials
- If you don't find what you need, contact a node manager!







Summary

- PDS provides a wide variety of data and support services for creating data archives and using planetary data
- PDS addresses many aspects of Part A of the NASA Plan of 2014 (response to OSTP memo of 2/22/13)
- This quick overview provides context for presentations & discussions this week
 - I've left some elements and details out!





• Links to online data services

- PDS Home: http://pds.nasa.gov/
- Atmospheres Node: http://atmos.pds.nasa.gov/
- Geosciences Node: http://geo.pds.nasa.gov/
- Imaging Node: http://pds-imaging.jpl.nasa.gov/
- Planetary Plasma Interactions Node: http://pds-ppi.igpp.ucla.edu/
- Planetary Rings Node: http://pds-rings.seti.org/
- Small Bodies Node: http://pds-smallbodies.astro.umd.edu/
- Engineering Node: http://pds-engineering.jpl.nasa.gov/
- NAIF: http://naif.jpl.nasa.gov/naif/
- NSSDC: http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/
- IPDA: http://planetarydata.org/





Links to online data services

- Geosciences Node:
 - Mars Orbital Data Explorer: http://ode.rsl.wustl.edu/mars/
 - Mercury Orbital Data Explorer: http://ode.rsl.wustl.edu/mercury
 - Lunar Orbital Data Explorer: http://ode.rsl.wustl.edu/moon/
 - Analyst's Notebooks: http://an.rsl.wustl.edu/
- Imaging Node:
 - Photojournal: http://photojournal.jpl.nasa.gov/index.html
 - Planetary Image Atlas: http://pds-imaging.jpl.nasa.gov/search
 - Data Portal: http://pds-imaging.jpl.nasa.gov/portal/
 - Map a Planet: http://www.mapaplanet.org/
 - PILOT: http://pilot.wr.usgs.gov/
- Planetary Rings Node:
 - OPUS: http://pds-rings.seti.org/search/
- Small Bodies Node:
 - Data Ferret: http://sbn.psi.edu/ferret/
- NAIF:
 - SPICE Toolkit: http://naif.jpl.nasa.gov/naif/toolkit.html





Links to online data services

- Mars Space Flight Facility (ASU): http://mars.asu.edu/
- MRO HiRISE HiView: http://hirise.lpl.arizona.edu/hiview/
- LROC QuickMap: http://target.lroc.asu.edu/da/qmap.html
- LROC WMS Map: http://wms.lroc.asu.edu/lroc/
- MRO CRISM Data Viewer: http://crism-map.jhuapl.edu/
- MO THEMIS Maps: http://global-data.mars.asu.edu/bin/themis.pl
- Mars Global Data: http://www.mars.asu.edu/data/
- JMars/JMoon: http://jmars.asu.edu/
- RPIF Network: http://www.lpi.usra.edu/library/RPIF/
- Mars Handlens-Scale Image Database: http://pds-geosciences.wustl.edu/missions/labdata/marshandlens.htm
- Lunar Sample Catalog: <u>http://curator.jsc.nasa.gov/lunar/samplecatalog/index.cfm</u>
- Meteor Crater Sample Collection:
 http://astrogeology.usgs.gov/research/Meteor-Crater-Sample-Collection
- Apollo Digital Image Archive: http://apollo.sese.asu.edu/
- Gazetteer of Planetary Names: http://planetarynames.wr.usgs.gov/
- Astropedia: http://astrogeology.usgs.gov/astropedia





Links to online data services

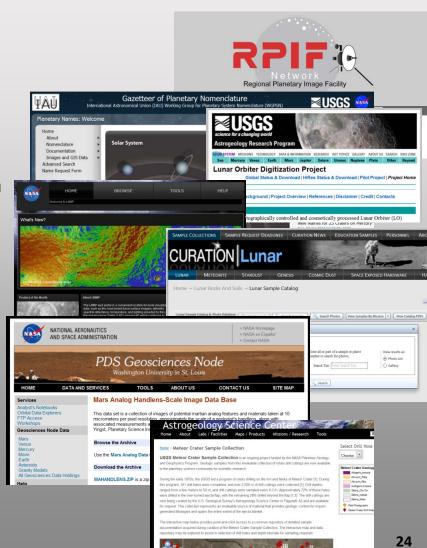
- Cassini CICLOPS: http://ciclops.org/?js=1
- Lunar Orbiter Digitization Project:
 http://astrogeology.usgs.gov/Projects/LunarOrbiterDigitization/
- VICAR: http://www-mipl.jpl.nasa.gov/external/vicar.html
- ISIS: http://isis.astrogeology.usgs.gov/
- Ames Stereo Pipeline: http://ti.arc.nasa.gov/tech/asr/intelligent-robotics/ngt/stereo/
- LMMP Data Portal: http://pub.lmmp.nasa.gov/
- ILIADS: http://esc.gsfc.nasa.gov/exploration/esp/Exploration-Support.html
- ACT/REACT: http://www.actgate.com/home/act-react.htm
- HRSC Data Explorer: http://hrscview.fu-berlin.de/cgi-bin/ion-p?page=entry2.ion
- SELENE Kaguya online archive: http://l2db.selene.darts.isas.jaxa.jp/
- Chang'e-2 Lunar Global Mosaic:
 http://159.226.88.30:8080/CE2release/cesMain.jsp
- ESA Multimedia Image Gallery: http://www.esa.int/esa-mmg/mmg.pl?collection=Space+Science&type=I





Planetary Data: Other Resources

- Examples of tools & services (Other)
 - Regional Planetary Image Facility Network
 - Globally distributed network of data libraries
 - 9 U.S. & 8 in other countries
 - Maintain photographic & digital data, mission documentation & cartographic data
 - Cartographic and photogrammetric products
 - Gazetteer of Planetary Names, PIGWAD/MRCTR, Astropedia
 - Lunar Orbiter Digitization Project
 - LMMP portal & products
 - Data Analysis Program, Science Institute,
 Participating Scientist products
 - Lunar Sample (Image) Catalog
 - Mars Analog Handlens-Scale Image Database
 - Meteor Crater Database







Planetary Data: Non-US Archives & Services

- International Planetary Data Alliance:
 - 12 International members
 - An international standard for query, access and usage of data across international planetary data archive systems
- Examples of tools & services:
 - ESA Multimedia Image Gallery
 - MEX HRSC Data Explorer,
 CraterTools
 - SELENE Kaguya online archive,
 Image Gallery, 3D GIS
 - Chang'e-2 Lunar Global Mosaic







PDS Contacts



PDS: The Planetary Data System

ABOUT PDS PDS4 DATA TOOLS & DOCUMENTS RELATED SITES

CITING PDS DATA POLICIES

► PDS Contacts Feedback

Quick Searches

Mars Science Laboratory

Mercury

Venus

Mars Jupiter

Saturn

Uranus, Neptune, Pluto

Rings

Asteroids

Comets

Planetary Dust

Earth's Moon

Solar Wind

PDS Nodes

Atmospheres

Geosciences

Imaging

Navigational & Ancillary Information (NAIF)

Planetary Plasma Interactions (PPI)

Planetary Rings

Small Bodies

PDS Support

Management Engineering

Contact the PDS

Contact information for the PDS is given below. You may also want to consult the PDS Phone Book.

PDS Project Management

Manager: Tom Morgan Thomas.H.Morgan@nasa.gov

Solar System Exploration Data Services Office Goddard Space Flight Center

Code 690.1

Greenbelt, MD 20771 (301) 286-1683

Planetary Atmospheres Node

Node Manager: Reta Beebe rbeebe@nmsu.edu New Mexico State University Department Of Astronomy P.O. Box 30001/Dept 4500 Las Cruces. NM 88003-000

(575) 646-1938 Imaging Node

Node Manager: Lisa R. Gaddis lgaddis@usgs.gov U.S.G.S. Astrogeology Team

2255 North Gemini Drive Flagstaff, AZ 86001 (928) 556-7053

Planetary Plasma Interactions Node

Node Manager: Raymond J. Walker rwalker@igpp.ucla.edu University Of California-La 405 Hilgard Ave 6851 Slichter Hall Los Angeles, CA 90095-1567 (310) 825-7685

Radio Science Node

Node Manager: Richard A. Simpson rsimpson@magellan.stanford.edu Stanford University Center For Radar Astronomy Packard Building - Room 332 Stanford, CA 94305 (650) 723-3525

PDS Engineering Node

Node Manager: Dan Crichton Daniel.J.Crichton@jpl.nasa.gov Jet Propulsion Laboratory Mail Stop 169-400 4800 Oak Grove Drive Pasadena, CA 91109 (818) 354-9155

Geosciences Node

Node Manager: Raymond E. Arvidson arvidson@wunder.wustl.edu Washington University Dept. of Earth & Planetary Sciences Campus Box 1169 One Brookings Drive St. Louis, MO 63130-4899 (314) 935-5609

Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility (NAIF)

Node Manager: Charles H. Acton. Jr. charles.acton@jpl.nasa.gov Jet Propulsion Laboratory Mailstop 301-125L 4800 Oak Grove Drive Pasadena, CA 91109 (818) 354-3869

Rings Node

Node Manager: Mark Showalter mshowalter@seti.org SETI Institute 515 N. Whisman Road Mountain View, CA 94043 (650) 810-0234

Small Bodies Node

Node Manager: Michael F. A'Hearn ma@astro.umd.edu University Of Maryland Department Of Astronomy College Park, MD 20742-2421 (301) 405-6076

https://pds.nasa.gov/contact/contact.shtml